# Charlotte Iournal.

TOTAL TENT

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

VOLUME XXI.

"Derpetual Digilance is the Price of Liberty," for "Power is always Stealing from the Many to the Sew."

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# GREAT BRITAIN AND SECESSION.

From the Richmond Whig. SIR HENRY BULWER AND SOUTH CAR. OLINA.

The visit of this clever diplomat and cun- 231 inst., says: ning intriguant to South Carolina, at this endeavoring to embroil foreign States, and so all. Far otherwise. an anauthorised interference with a subject for a separate nationality." with which he had properly nothing to do.

With this admitted reputation for adroit diplomacy and unswerving efforts to advance well known, threatens immediate secession establishment of a separate State sovereignty, she will form and maintain a general equalwith other powers. On the contrary, it is have arrived! That paper says; generally believed that her first step would be an alliance with Great Britan, which while it would nominally preserve to her the semblance of liberty, would virtually place her in a position of hopeless and grovelling dependency. The experience of history proves conclusively, from the relative position of the parties, that this must be the certain result. That such is the design of South Carolina, in case of successful secession, is shown by abundant testimony. The speeches of her orators, and the general tone of her press, display such a purpose. Not many days since we saw, in one of her papers, this dvanced. The writer, in advocating prompt secresion, and conjecturing its immediate results, argued that the Federal Gorenment would probably withdraw its officers from the Custom House and its troops from Fort Moultrie, and would rely upon a fleet stationed in Charleston harbor for the collection of duties upon foreign imports. Then assuming that in her new position of an independent power, South Carolina would have the right to form any commercial treaties with foreign powers which she thought fit, he supposes that a British vessel arrives and with her cargo confiscated. This, the writer exultingly assumes, would give great of fence to haughty England, and inevitably in-

We can hardly find fit language with which to express our abhorrence of such treasonable hopes and designs. It is bad enough ourely for any State to plot the peaceable. dismemberment of this great Union, but to calculate with pleasure upon its involving our country in a war with a foreign power-and that too, our ablest and most inveterate enemy-argues a degree of baseness at which even Aaron Burr would have recoiled. We are not willing, however, to believe that this sentiment is common even in South Carolina. There are many misguided men there, it is true, who, under the baleful influences of passion and prejudice, have learned to regard this Union as a curse, and to desire an immediate separation from one portion of the confederacy. But that any respectable number we sincerely indulge the hope that as time progresses, and reason naturally re-assumes even of peaceable secession will be left in a contemptible and ignominious minority. Such, certainly, is the carnest prayer of every true lover of his country.

has been projected for the purpose of entering into secret negotiations with leading disunionists, and of ascertaining what sentiment exists in reference to a future alliance with Great Britain. All we mean is, that his wellknown character as a crafty diplomatist, the piece of financiering : unusual time he has selected, and the present ly hope it has no real foundation.

which were filled with bottled beer!

A correspondent of the New York Herald, writing from Charleston under date of the

"We have satisfactory authority in saytime, has excited some suspicion that he has ing distinctly in the fullest confidence of its other purposes in view than the mere relax- correctness, that the government of Great wave-covered fragments of Tyre. The "com- years ago.

Retain is forceast, the combined are related in my own vessel, the social life and peculiar characteristics of the secession of the Southern States, or the separate secession of South Carolina; and not beextreme Southern States. He enjoye, and no cause it will give her a footbold for the abodoubt deservedly, the reputation of being one lition of slavery in the South, because that of the most accomplished diplomatives which idea is perfeculy absurd. The experience of my of such an heroic achievement as seces-Great Britain has ever accredited to the Go. my Lord Palmerston and her Majesty's gov- sion would be lost. There would be none of vernment. During his whole career he has tively cured them of the philanthropic absurtrudge on their lonely way, with no people shown himself a very fit instrument for carrying out the artful policy of that country in will not pay. Abolition is not the thing after but them. IsoLATION from all that is human, ter, and the pilot was but indifferently acquainted

ing Europe in a general war. Since his mission to this country he has frequently meddled ciprocity, and of alliance, offensive and defensive and defensive and defensive and defensive the ciprocity. with matters not coming strictly within the sive, down to the defensive engagement to Peaceable, in one sense, we doubt not sea very general and sovere criticism from the annic Majesty, which is calculated to encour- isolated from that happy Republic which all press, and was almost universally regarded as age rather than depress the movements here the earth envies!

### SHAMEFUL CONDUCT.

the power of his own country, his present vis-it to South Carolina cannot but justify the and circulating Abolition Newspapers !- It suspicion that he has ulterior and more dan- was charged sometime since by the Union gerous schemes in view than might at the paper of Mississ ppi, that the Southern Rights When foreign goods enter the port of Charles. structed a rude kind of pedestal, on which we rev. first glance be supposed. That State, it is Association of Hinds county in that State had ton the duties must be paid. But, if South erently placed the First Stone, commending it to tion the company had over Fifteen Bushe's lect of your duties and the reproof of your from the Union, and hopes to obtain, in the forwarded money to the North for subscripaccomplishment of this nefarious purpose, tions to abolition and other incendiary newsthe sid of some others of the Southern States. papers, in order to circulate them gratuitous If successful, it is not pretended that, in the ty in that county, and thus affect public opinion. We learn from the Hinds county Gaity in the adoption of commercial relations zette of the 3d instant, that the documents

On the 26th ult., " the first lot of the incen- thry will be enforced .- Cin. Gaz. diary and seditions documents ordered by the Southern Rights Association of Hinds county." reached the Post Office in this city. It consists of seven copies of the Boston Emancipator and Communwealth, all of the same volume, number and date, showing that the Association has subscribed for seven copies, 1st instant, Gen. F. N. Garvin, the President, equal to 364 papers during the year. The bundle is addressed to one of the Secretaries of the association.

whatever people it may circulate.

Upon this the Natchez Courier, with dangerous character of that revolutionary that she is either driven back or together movement, which, not content with voting our friends of the Southern States, and com- persuaded every body that his invention is district wherein the crime shall have been and judgment which must be bestowed upon volve her in a war with the Federal Govern- strives, now shows its true character in circulating abolition documents !"- N. O. Bee.

## A NUISANCE.

sance all those transient persons from the non-slaveholding States who come to this will disclose. District in the winter, for the purpose of trading, shad fishing and duck hunting-we believe them to be injurious to all classes of our population, and, therefore, solicit the intervention of the Leglature in the matter .-| Charleston Mercury, 11th inst.

If the people of South Carolina would catch their own shad and shoot their own ducks, the "nuisance" of which they complain would be shated without the intervention of the of her citizens desire it though at the cost legislature. But as they are, at present, of a fereign as well as intestine war, we can-either too lazy or too prod, they must either not for an instant credit. On the contrary, do without these luxuries or permit other people to catch shad and shoot ducks for her sway over her poople, that the advocates them. We would-with all deference to South Carolina wisdom, and begging pardon of South Carolina aristocracy - suggest that a hundred or so of her leading politicians be In referring to Mr. Bulwer in this connec. set to catching shad and shooting ducks!tion, we do not desire to be understood as It would be an honorable employment, which esserting that his present visit to Charleston is more than can be said of that in which they are now engaged .- [ Mebile Adv.

## BARNUM OUTDONE.

supposed attitude of South Carolina, may at ticket to Jenny Lind's first concert in Cincin- of which is that you kiss the lady as you lace or villa in the neighborhood; the tombs least justify such a suspicion. We sincere- nati, is one of the few men in the world who swing corners. The editor is a crusty sort of Sakkara are used for the same purpose A letter from the master of a vessel lately betting ten dollars with this one, twenty dol. errived in the Thames, from New South lars with that one, and so on, until he had a of an old lady who had an aversion to rye, knocked down, and the materials removed don, was taking in a cargo at Sydaey, for prize ticket. The ticket was knocked down late," said she, "they have got to making it knowledge of travelers, to whom, indeed they California, consisting of ready-made coffins, to him at \$575, thus leaving him \$425 in lin pocket.

### SOUTH CAROLINA.

Judge Butler (as reported in the Charles-

onited, because of the "strong opposition of the commercial interests." He might have House in which the beloved Washington first saw added that secession would make Charleston the light, permit me to offer you a b in a very few years as complete a ruin as the that increating event, as it occurred six and thirty some merchants, and among the number spoke is so replace with truth and a unit window mercial interest" foresees some hing of that. Judge Butler also admits that to be " permitted to secede peaceable," to be let aloneis that which they dread! The fame or gloernment in the West Indies, has pretty effect it. The knight errant and his 'squire would all that is kindred, all that was common with

We suchored at some distance from the land, and had been stolen during the night. He then gents to the property the opinions of the proendeavoring to embroil foreign States, and so
Great Britain desires free trade with the other communities, all that is great in countable taking Pope's

sphere of his legitimate duties. No one can es- protect, in case of necessity, the institution cession would be. The Senators and Repally have forgotten what a storm of indignation of slavery, rather than fail of her supplies of resentatives of South Carolina may withdraw was excited by the accidental discovery and cotton. Upon this subject, we are assured if they please. The People may go on with publication of his correspondence with the there is an undrestanding between the author- their ordinary business, without being inva-British official at Nicaragua. It gave rise to ities of this State and the agents of her Brit- ded. They would simply find themselves ry patriots and soldiers - Samuel Lewis, the son of

> But there is another aspect of the case in which secession cannot be peaceable; and no one ought to be deceived on that head. The P. " Southern Rights Men" subscribing for, laws of the Union which levy duties on foreign ! commerce, and all other laws, must be enforced. The President is sworn to execute the aws, and he has no power to resist them. Carolina secedes, and secession is carried ino practice, then somebody must resist the to payment of duties; and that some body becomes by that very act, a traitor. If he acts only as an individual, he will be convicted of trea son, and probably hung. If, however, there nity, then the President must bring the arms of the United States to enforce the laws, and

## LAMENTATIONS OF THE DISUNION.

From the Pendleton Mes. of April 10. The Southern Rights Association assem bled at Pickens Court house on Tuesday, the

gress, being present, was called upon be a novelty. beautiful spectacle, and will it not open the other States got ready to move off with us. guished in five seconds after the invention got lows : eyes of all honest and good men as to the In support of these views he assigned many upon the ground. The inventor is one of the reasons, among the most prominent of which keerest, at the same time most gentlemanly shall ergoy the right to speedy and public fresh. Yet the mere work of composition is with abolitionism, abusing what abolitionism pel them to take part against us. He spoke the greatest yet. The first engineers of the previously ascertained by law, and to be inabuses, and striving for what abolitionism of these mer being as true to the cause, and city examined it, and pronounced that he has formed of the nature and cause of the accu. we see a veteran of the profession left at the as devoted to the principles involved, as the overcome every difficulty in the way of tray. sation; to be confronted with the witness agretted hearing such sentimen's coming from el move ahead, retrogade, turn round and ed it necessary to promulgate them in a speech indeed, wonderful to behold. The Grand Jury of Georgatown District, at this time. To what extent it may create for the spring term of court, present as a nui- discord and division in the ranks of the Sou- ANECDOTE OF THE BATTLE OF NEW thern rights men in this district time alone

## A CURIOSITY.

While Governor Brown was in Key West, says the Tallahassee (Florida) Sentinel, he was presented by Hon. A. Patterson with a miniature bust of Washington, found ten years age, in the neighborhood of Mr. Patterson's premises, imbedded in the limestone which forms the island. The bust is of marble, and is evidently the work of a master. The expression is said to be identical with that of the famous statue of Washington at Richmond, allowed to be the best likeness in existence. The little bust is in a state of perfect preservation; all the delicate chiseling in the plaits of a ruffled shirt remains as sharp and well-defined as ever, and the marble without discoloration. Across the shoulders is inscribed the word "Washington"a spelling which seems to indicate an Italian origin. In the same spot two English guineas were found, the dates and inscription of which we did not learn. All were probably deposits by some freebooter of the olden time.

## A NEW COTILLION.

The editor of the Windsor Journal - a vory obstinate sort of a bachelor-learns that a worry down a little."

## THE FIRST STONE

ARLINGTON HOUSE, APRIL 14th, 1851. ton papers) admits that South Carolina is not To the Editor of the Alexandria Gazette :

Lady of the Lake," a fine topsail schooner of nine ty tons accompanied by two gentlemen, Mesars. Lewis and Grymes, bound to Pope's Creek, in the

#### HERE, THE Ilter ON FERRUSHY, 1739, (OLD STYLE) WASHINGTON WAS BOEN

Our pilot approached the Westmarsland where cautiously, as our ressel drew nearly eight feet wa

mercial importance. It is well known that, for as reciprocal treaties can secure it, of future—isolation, complete, dreary and black when Minister to Spain, he was near involvible cotton trade. And to gain this advantage, as the solitary confinement of the lonely crimal gentlement on a listing party, and also with the swore that they would take their box, and as people. It should, of course, he a profession everseer of the property that formed the object of they rushed to take hold of it Mr. D. stepped of high honor to those who efficient at its everseer of the property that formed the object of our visit. We were kindly received by these individuals, and escerted to the spot where a few scattered

bricks alone marked the birth place of the Chief. the Stone, as imposing as circumstances would permit, we enveloped it in the "Star Spangled Banner" of our country, and it was borne to its resting place gallant and distinguished officer of the Life Guard; the Captain of the vesset, the son of a brave soldier wounded in the battle of Guilford; and George W. Custis, the son of John Parke Curtis, aid decemp the Commander in Chief, before Cambridge and

chimney, that once formed the hearth around which Washington, in his infancy had played, and conin general, and the citizens of Westmoreland in par-

amenition, we fired a salute, awakening the echoes that had slept for ages around the hallowed spot; should be an armed resistance of the commu- and while the smoke of our martial tribute to the ed men to guard them, and notified them for great energy of character-for much entosem of the Potomac, we spread our sails to a fa-three weeks, vering breeze, and speeded joyously to our homes. Such was an act of final love and gratitude per-

formed more than a third of a century ago - such is the history of the First Stone to the memory of

#### Health and respect my dear sir. GEORGE W. P. CUSTIS.

## NEW ENGINE.

The New Orleans Courier has the following account of a new invention. " A steam, turbed.

was, that by acting now we would drive off looking chaps in town; and we believe he trial, by an impartial jury of the State and as nothing compared with the reflection, care most patriotic of our people. We deeply re- elling on land by steam. He made the mod. gainst him," &c., &c.

The Courier tells the following character-Of the four Generals in the British army on the 8th, two were killed on the field, and one was sent to the fleet severely wounded. Gen. Lambert escaped but he had not been under fire that day. General Kean, when carried off the field desperately wounded, left Tennesseeans, who were searching for muskets, and brought to Gen. Jackson. When the wounded General recovered his senses, his first thought was of his weapon. He dispatched a note to Gen. Jackson by a young Louisianian, then a prisoner in the British fleet requesting that search might be made for his sword, saying that it was the treasursoldier from one so deserving of it.'

## DESTRUCTION OF THE EGYPTIAN PY

RAMIDS AND TEMPLES. A correspondent of the London Athenaum The Madison Courier relates the following Professor of Dancing in New York have re- says that the Northern Pyramid of Dashour cently introduced a new style of cotillion is now in progress of being converted into a McElevy, the tailor, who bought the prize called "Kiss Cotillion," the peculiar feature stone quarry, in order to build some new paare as sharp as Barnum. The way he work of person, who never dances, but says he the mounds of Abydus are ransacked for ed things was this -- for some days before the would not mind waiving his objections so far building materials; the Temple of Erment concert he went round among his friends, as to swing corners now and then in this co- is going for the same purpose; and two tem thousand dollars bet that he would buy the and never could eat it in any form, "till of from near Sheikh Fadi, entirely without the

#### VILLIANY The Cairo Sun says, that a few days since

wo men in a wagon, when within a couple of miles of Jonesboro', Union county, Illions, asked a farmer, who was the heaviest merchant in the town? The farmer, mentioned of advice to his hiethern of the press, which of a Mr. Distion. They drove their wagon that we connot very ourselves the pleasure permit them to place a bex (which they had of placing it before our readers; up to Dishon's store and requested him to in their wagon) in his store for the night .- "One word to my both en of the reces, the very thing they have so long asked for— Course of Westmoreland, carrying with us a slab After urging some objection, Mr. D. finally and I have done. They have called are the is that which they dread! The fame or glo. of free store, having the following incomplicity: \( \) convented to take the box in his store from veteran of the press—' Father Rockin'—and contented to take the box in his store from veteran of the press- Father Rocker'- and The men then put up their horses for the all those aniable epithets which seem to gitte night, and early on the following morning me some right to speak to them in the character as had their wagon at D's store door to get their ter. You have a profession, gentlemen, if box and start on their journey. Mr. D. then the highest importance to our country. In missed a holt of broadcloth from his counter. fact, I do not see how a great republic can be His suspicion being roused, he examined his supported without an invermediate organ, from the store until it was examined. They the press is of in Simulation in portation to the out of the door, and locked them in. Hav. fountain. I would certainly be one of the ing obtained assistance, the door was opened most dignified pursuits in society if it were Desirous of making the ceremonial of depositing and the men taken. The lid was knocked conducted in the sound which is comes its imoff, when a stout during looking man sprang portance-with a cut, independence, a gentleforth, and the missing cloth, money, some manly labered to, and with a deceasy and a silks, and a dark lantern, were found in the courtesy which are due from one editor to bottom. The fellow pretended to turn State's another. I have often asked the question, Geo. Lewis, a captain in Baylor's Regiment of evidence, and declared he had long sought How can county expect the respect of the Horse, and nephew of Washington; William Grymes an opportunity to leave these men; that to world if they do not show some respect for have left them voluntarily would have brought each other ! No man knows better than the their doadly vengeance upon him; that he remong curve of the Union the difficulties, had never been detected before; that he re- the sucrifices, the drungery which attend the mained with them only because he was com- profession, and year becomes you to overcome pelled to do so to preserve his hie; that there them all when your duty requires it. You States engaged in the business; and that the domitable spirit which quark under no diffilast time he was at the general deposit star culty. Y u should tear nothing but the negthe respect and protection of the American people of Silver and Gold. He would not be put own consciences. You should think for your-Bidding fadien to those who had received us so fearing they would kill him. The two men man who will tell you the truth; and when you kindly, we re-embarked and hoisted our colors, and swore to the efficers that it was fully to put have made up your own opinions, carry them being provided with a piece of cannon and suitable them in jail, for they had money and friends; out in the ficie spirit of a free press. In our birth place of the Pater Patrice still ingered on the that they could not possibly be detained durance as well as much exertion. I go furth-

## DECISION.

An important decision was made by Judge principle of Common Law, and which has result of a long experience, dearly enough never heretofore, to our knowledge, been dis. bought."

The Emancipator has the reputation of be. to address the meeting. He spoke with his A gentleman exhibited this morning in the ed for trial, and the State's counsel offered will insure success, and so it does in almost ing the most violent and unserupulous aboli- usual ability, and, after glancing rapidly at Lycsum Hall, while the assembled multitude to introduce, as evidence, the declarations every other department of human industry tion inconducty paper in the country-teeming the inequalities of the benefits and burdens waited to be organized into Convention, a mo. of the deceased made in his last illness and but that of newspapers. Yet of all descripof the Federal Government and its oppres- del of a locomotive which can be used for a charging the offence to the prisoner. The southern character, southern institutions and sions of the South, went en to declare that stead boat to travel on land or water-for counsel for prisoner objected to the reception pare in more dissipant and sions of the South, went en to declare that southern rights. It is a seditious and inflam. the Union was a curse, and its dissolution in- ploughing or for any sort of riding or travel. of such declarations as legal evidence in a that of the conductors of a public journal .matory paper to all intents and purposes, and evitable, and that a Southern Confederacy ling-it can also be used as a fire engine, or criminal prosecution, and alleged in support. The body of the day laborer derives refreshcalculated to do much is jury to morals among must succeed it, and was what he most desi- a street sprinkler. He said it would throw of the exception, the sixth Article of Amend. ment from sleep and is prepared with each red. He then went on to define his own po- water 300 or 3,000 feet high, according to ments to the Constitution of the United States, rising sun to exert with cheerfulness its resition in relation to the action of South Caro. the size of the machine constructed; and if which, it was contended, amounted to an en. newed energies. But the mind of a journalist lina. He was opposed to separate State ac- one had been in existence here at the time, tire abolition of the Common law upon the is upon an eternal stretch. He has but little just indignation, exclaims: "Is not this a tion, and preferred to wait until some of the the St. Charles fire could have been extin. point in question. The Article reads as ful-

Cal. ORR, and are truly surry that he deem- round every way, with grace and ease. It is Toombs, Cone and Poule for the prisoner, and Mossrs. Weems, Sol. Gartrell and Dawson for the State. The exception was sustained, and a nole prosequi entered on the bill, the other testimony being, in the opinion newspapers seem to sit more loosely on men's of State's counsel, insufficient to convict, consciences then almost any other kind of istic anecdote of the Battle of New Orleans: This decision may be law, but we feel no besitution in saying it ought not to be. - Wash. Ga.) Gnzette.

## MR. WEBSTER.

The following paper is in circulation in the his sword, and it was picked up by one of the City of New York, and has received many

> To the friends of the " Union," without Dis tinction of Party.

In view of the services and sacrifices of the Honorable Daniel Webster, in maintain- that so many newspapers die, but that any ing inviolate the constitution and laws of his live. country, in contrast with the recent act of ed gift of a friend who died in the battle, and the Mayor and Aldermen of Boston, in re- is true, aggravated by the desertion of his perbacking the appeal by a reference to the fusing the use of Fancuil Hall to the friends of ty in the matter of the contract for the public high and chivalrous feeling which he well that gentleman, to congratulate each other printing. If they had stood by him as he new animated the American warrior. Nor on the recent verification of his represent has stood by them, there might have been a did he appeal in vain. "Go," said the hero tations regarding that ancient commonto Mr. Livingston, one of his aids-" Deliv. wealth; and in view, also, of the refusal of ferences, we cannot but regret that a life of er this sword to the British General. God the Legislature of N. York to invite Mr. toil should meet with such a requital. forbid that I should withhold the gift of a Webster to visit Albany, as the guest of the State; indignities cast upon that distinguished statesman by abolitionists and others opposed to his patriotic course :

The undersigned, citizens of New York. respectfully invite Mr. Webster to meet them slas! I feared he would do something awful in this city, at some period convenient to him- when I heard that Congress had dejected the self, in order that they may express to him, bill to edentify him! I wonder if he sold the in person, their deep and grateful appreciation of devotion to the great public interests

# of his country. New York, April 19th, 1851.

## BRIEF DIALOGUE.

"What temperament did you say that fat girl had, Mr. Museum man?" should think it plain enough she has the limb

## From the Richmond Republican. Advice to the Press.

The conclusion of the veteran Richie's farewell address to the public contains a piece

were now six hundred men in the United must therefore, carry into your task an inin the same room with the two accomplices, selves, lestening, at the same time, to every it would take at least one hundred well arm - profession, gentlemen, there is a necessity er. Energy is not a sufficiently strong word. The true secret of success in every business DYING DECLARATIONS-IMPORTANT is enthusian I would especially frankly recommend to you a careful attention to your finances ; but in this respect let my course be Baxter, at Warren Superior Court which, if a warning, and not an example to you. In sustained, will overrule a long established making these suggestions, I give you the

We cannot refrain from a feeling of sadness Col. J. L. Orr, our Representative in Con- boat to travel on land or water," would indeed Lovitt, charged with the murder of Bell in perusing these last lines. It is the comin the month of February last, was arraign mon belief that energy in any pursuits of life tions of labor there is none which can comopportunity for that recreation from intercourse with men and books, which is necessa-"In all criminal prosecutions, the accused ty to keep the intellectual fountain full and every movement. After such a life as this close of a long career, with less of worldly goods than when he commenced his course. The point was ably argued by Messrs. It this were a solitary case it would not be so remarkable e principle ; but it is only one out of many similar instances. It is rather the

> history of a class than of an individual. Pecuniary obligations to the conductors of debt. They will take a paper for year after year, and derive all the benefit and amusement which the labors and outlay of its conductors can furnish, yet they often seem to think that it is perfectly consistent with honor and decency never to pay a farthing for the consideration they have received. Few persons have any idea of the enormous expenses of arge newspaper establishments. When we take into consideration those expenses, the small sums which compose the aggregate of newspaper accounts, and the numerous delinquencies of subscribers; the wender is, not

> The particular case, of Mr. Ritchie, is, it different result. Whatever our political dif-

## THE UNION SOLD.

Mrs. Partington, on being told that Ritchie had sold "The Union," exclaimed: "Alas! people with it, and if I have got to become a nigger slave? If so, I shall emulate to the South, where they know how to treat the poer critters." And Mrs. Partington sighed deeply and said no more.

Mr. Smith, will you have some butter ?" " No, thank ye, marm, I belong to the Tem-